

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

PART A

I. PHONETICS (1.5m)

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others. (1.0 m)

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|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>s</u> avings | B. <u>s</u> andwich | C. <u>s</u> tranger | D. <u>s</u> urname |
| 2. A. <u>d</u> iamond | B. <u>e</u> xplosive | C. <u>f</u> luoride | D. <u>m</u> icrophone |
| 3. A. <u>r</u> evenue | B. <u>s</u> uccessful | C. <u>p</u> ermanent | D. <u>s</u> ecretary |
| 4. A. <u>s</u> apphire | B. <u>s</u> upport | C. <u>d</u> isappointed | D. <u>d</u> isappear |
| 5. A. <u>c</u> ontract | B. <u>c</u> ulture | C. <u>e</u> xcept | D. <u>c</u> onstruction |
| 6. A. <u>s</u> urround | B. <u>e</u> ncourage | C. <u>l</u> ounge | D. <u>a</u> nnounce |
| 7. A. <u>l</u> uxury | B. <u>o</u> ppportunity | C. <u>s</u> tudent | D. <u>u</u> niversity |
| 8. A. <u>b</u> reakdown | B. <u>p</u> leasant | C. <u>h</u> eadquarters | D. <u>t</u> hreaten |
| 9. A. <u>c</u> omplaint | B. <u>r</u> aincoat | C. <u>c</u> aptain | D. <u>m</u> aize |
| 10. A. <u>t</u> issue | B. <u>e</u> xpression | C. <u>p</u> ressure | D. <u>h</u> airdresser |

Choose the word whose stress pattern (position of the main stress) is different from that of the others. (0.5 m)

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| 11. A. <u>p</u> rescription | B. <u>r</u> elative | C. <u>t</u> errorist | D. <u>f</u> urniture |
| 12. A. <u>i</u> nvestigate | B. <u>a</u> lternative | C. <u>e</u> conomy | D. <u>o</u> ptimistic |
| 13. A. <u>e</u> mbarrass | B. <u>e</u> xplosion | C. <u>a</u> ccident | D. <u>o</u> fficial |
| 14. A. <u>p</u> hotocopy | B. <u>t</u> emperature | C. <u>m</u> illimetre | D. <u>c</u> omprehensive |
| 15. A. <u>i</u> rritate | B. <u>a</u> ppearance | C. <u>d</u> iscipline | D. <u>p</u> rivilege |

II. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (4.0m)

Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting. (1.5 m)

16. Aeronomy is (A) the study of the earth's upper atmosphere, (B) which includes (C) their composition, temperature, density and (D) chemical reactions.
17. I went (A) to see my friends the Forrests (B) whose children I (C) used to look after when they (D) were small.
18. The voice (A) over the loudspeaker says: "We regret (B) informing passengers that (C) the 14.50 train is (D) one hour late."
19. (A) The Nelsons asked us to (B) look over their plants for them (C) while they were (D) away on vacation.
20. (A) The police (B) is looking for a (C) fair-haired man (D) in his twenties.
21. The progress (A) made in (B) space travel (C) for the early 1960s has been (D) remarkable.
22. She (A) will have been cooking for over seven hours by the time everyone (B) arrives for dinner this afternoon. (C) Hopefully, she (D) will finish everything by then.
23. If he (A) listened to (B) his father's advice, he (C) would (D) still be working here.
24. Dresses, skirts, shoes, and (A) children's clothing (B) are advertised (C) at (D) great reduced prices this weekend.
25. James (A) has taught (B) at the university for more than a year before he (C) left (D) for Asia.
26. She (A) cycled from London to Glasgow, (B) what is (C) pretty good for (D) a woman of 75.

27. (A) When I was in school, my mother (B) cared (C) as much about what I did in art class (D) and what I did in math or reading or science.
28. The chemistry instructor (A) explained the experiment (B) in (C) such of a way that it (D) was easily understood.
29. You are moving to Italy soon, (A) aren't you? You won't have (B) much difficulty (C) to get to know people (D) there.
30. Many cars (A) had repaired by George before he (B) received his (C) mechanic's license (D) last month.

2. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in each sentence. (2.5 m)

31. The summer that I graduated from university _____ was long and hot.
A. at B. on C. in D. from
32. You made a mistake by telling her a lie. It _____ better if you _____ to her.
A. would have been / hadn't lied C. would be / didn't lie
B. will be / didn't lie D. would be / hadn't lied
33. _____ people consider him an honest person, he does not think of himself that way.
A. However B. Although C. Despite D. Since
34. As I passed his house, I heard him _____ the piano.
A. practise B. practising C. practised D. practises
35. There are sometimes _____ sixty students in our classes.
A. as many as B. as much as C. as few as D. as little as
36. A department store spokesman says that their new outlet will _____ more than 75 permanent jobs.
A. put B. give C. create D. take
37. I was surprised at _____ amount of _____ money collected.
A. the / Ø B. the / the C. Ø / the D. an / Ø
38. We have only little time for this exercise, but in the examination we'll have even _____ time.
A. more B. less C. little D. less little
39. _____ attempting to reach his home before the storm, Paul had an accident on his bicycle.
A. In order B. While C. Because D. Although
40. When I came, an experiment _____ out in the lab.
A. was carried B. was carrying C. has been carried D. was being carried
41. It _____ that there are more than 3,000 different languages in the world.
A. is thought B. has thought C. thinks D. was thought
42. My health is getting worse. I've decided to give _____ drinking.
A. off B. on C. out D. up
43. Susan: Look at these flowers – they're beautiful! But there's no card. Who could have sent them?
Jane: It _____ David. He's the only one who would send you flowers.
A. should be B. must be C. is D. must have been
44. Those cakes are wonderful. Could I have _____ one, please?
A. other B. another C. more D. additional
45. I live _____ the 7th floor _____ 21 Oxford Street _____ London.
A. over / on / in B. on / at / in C. in / at / on D. top / on / in
46. Her paintings are in _____ bright colours or black and white.
A. as well B. both C. neither D. either

47. The woman was unable to _____ the man who stole her purse because it was too dark at the time of the robbery.
A. identify B. investigate C. guess D. look into
48. I was _____ nervous that I didn't think I would pass the exam.
A. so B. very C. such D. too
49. Let's have a cup of coffee, _____ ?
A. do we B. should we C. don't we D. shall we
50. She _____ her Japanese relatives once in 1993 before she moved in with them in 1996.
A. was visiting B. had visited C. visited D. Both B & C are correct.
51. Not until the office phoned me _____ about the meeting.
A. I found out B. did I find out C. as I found out D. when I found out
52. There was nothing special about the girl opposite me, except _____ she was very talkative.
A. which B. it C. that D. this
53. She was partly brought _____ by her grandparents after her parents' death.
A. out B. back C. on D. up
54. Our first attempt didn't work, and our second _____.
A. not either B. didn't either C. also didn't D. didn't neither
55. In the _____ of Japan, people bow to each other when they meet.
A. culture B. place C. home D. habit

III. READING (1.5m)

Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space.

Charlie Chaplin's Early Life

Sir Charles Spencer "Charlie" Chaplin was an English comic actor and filmmaker who (56) _____ to fame in the (57) _____ film era. Chaplin became a worldwide icon through his screen character "the Tramp" and is considered one of the most important figures of the film industry. His career (58) _____ over more than 75 years, from childhood in the Victorian era (59) _____ a year before his death in 1977.

He (60) _____ to have been born on April 16, 1889. There is some doubt (61) _____ April 16 is actually his birthday, and it is possible he was not born in 1889. There is also uncertainty about his birthplace: London or Fontainebleau, France. There is no doubt, (62) _____, as to his parentage: he was born (63) _____ Charles Chaplin, Sr. and Hannah Harriette Hill (aka Lily Harley on stage), both Music Hall entertainers. His parents separated soon after his birth, leaving him in the care of his (64) _____ unstable mother.

In 1896, Chaplin's mother was unable to find work. Charlie and his older half-brother Sydney Chaplin had (65) _____ in the workhouse at Lambeth, moving after several weeks to Hanwell School for Orphans and Destitute Children. His father died an alcoholic when Charlie was 12, and his mother (66) _____ a mental breakdown, and was eventually admitted temporarily to the Cane Hill Asylum at Coulsdon (near Croydon). She died in 1928 in the United States, two years after coming to the States to live with Chaplin, by then a (67) _____ success.

Charlie first took to the stage when, (68) _____, he performed in Music Hall in 1894, standing in for his mother. As a child, he had to stay in bed for weeks (69) _____ to a serious illness, and, at night, his mother would sit at the window and act out what (70) _____ on outside. In 1900, aged 11, his brother helped get him the role of a comic cat in the pantomime Cinderella at the London Hippodrome. In 1903 he appeared in 'Jim, A Romance of Cockayne', followed by his first regular job, as the newspaper boy Billy in Sherlock Holmes, a part he played into 1906. This was followed by Casey's 'Court Circus' variety show, and, the following year, he became a clown in Fred Karno's 'Fun Factory' slapstick comedy company. (Adapted from www.esl-lounge.com & en.wikipedia.org)

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| 56. A. rose | B. rised | C. raised | D. rising |
| 57. A. slow | B. quiet | C. silent | D. noiseless |
| 58. A. has extended | B. extended | C. was extending | D. has been extending |
| 59. A. until | B. for | C. in | D. during |
| 60. A. believed | B. had believed | C. Ø | D. was believed |
| 61. A. on | B. about | C. whether | D. of |
| 62. A. in addition | B. but | C. although | D. however |
| 63. A. of | B. to | C. from | D. by |
| 64. A. increasing | B. increasingly | C. increase | D. increased |
| 65. A. to be left | B. to be lived | C. to leave | D. left |
| 66. A. suffered | B. got | C. was | D. All A, B & C are correct. |
| 67. A. economy | B. economic | C. commercial | D. commerce |
| 68. A. five years old | B. aged five | C. five | D. five year old |
| 69. A. as | B. because | C. due | D. thanks |
| 70. A. went | B. was going | C. going | D. goes |

PART B. WRITING (3m)

I. Make all necessary changes and additions to write a complete sentence from each of the following sets of words and phrases.

- Don't forget / water / my plants / I / be / away / next week //
- Despite / age / he / join / activities / neighbourhood //
- We / got / close / enough / see / animal / binoculars //
- It / not until / I / got / home / I / know / lose / key //
- It / surprising / he / pass / examination //
- It is / first time / I / read / such / interesting novel //
- After / I / entered / house / it / started / rain //

II. Complete the unfinished sentence in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

- The bar in Barcelona where I met my wife is still there
→ The bar in Barcelona in _____.
- "Please don't tell anyone what happened," Jane said to me
→ Jane told me _____.
- I didn't get a high mark because I didn't turn my paper in on time.
→ If _____.
- Miss Johnson will not be offered the job under any circumstances.
→ Under no _____.
- We will have done everything by next week.
→ Everything _____.
- The children did not use the library as much as they are now.
→ The children are _____.
- It is a four-day journey from our hotel to the town we want to visit.
→ It _____.
- For the first time in his life he feels truly happy.
→ He has never _____.

----- The End -----

Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu. Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.

Họ và tên thí sinh:; Số báo danh